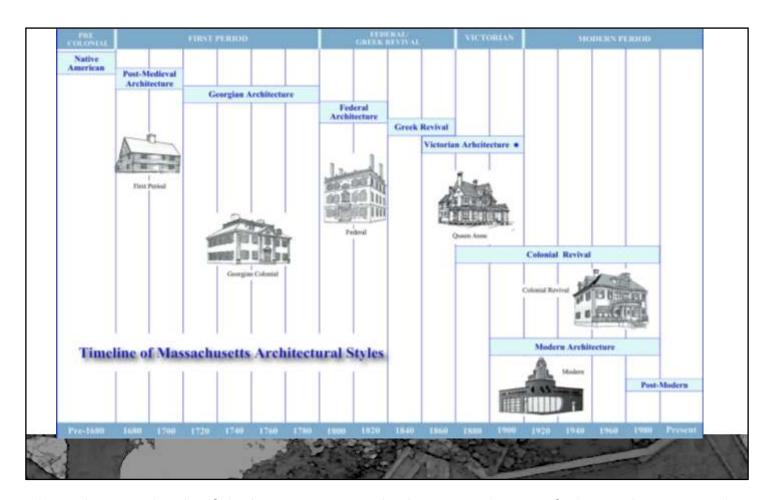


Do you live in an old house? Do you know who lived in your house before you? You can determine the history of your house by researching online. Part One of this presentation will focus on researching deeds and tracing titles back in time, using resources available on the Internet.

### Overview

- Where is the house?
- Who owns the house?
- How old is the house?
- When was it built, and who owned & lived in the house in the past?
- What is the architectural style of the house?

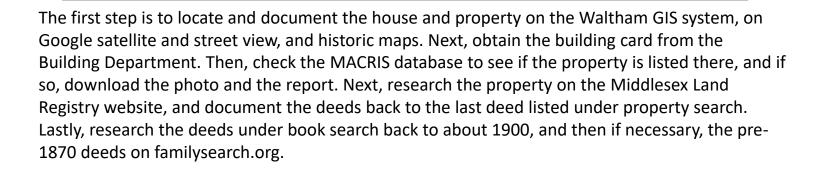
You can research your own house or any house; perhaps the house you grew up in. Or you are curious about the old house at the corner of your road. You should ask yourself a few questions. Where is the house? Who owns the house? How old is the house? When was it built, and who owned & lived in the house in the past? What is the architectural style of the house?

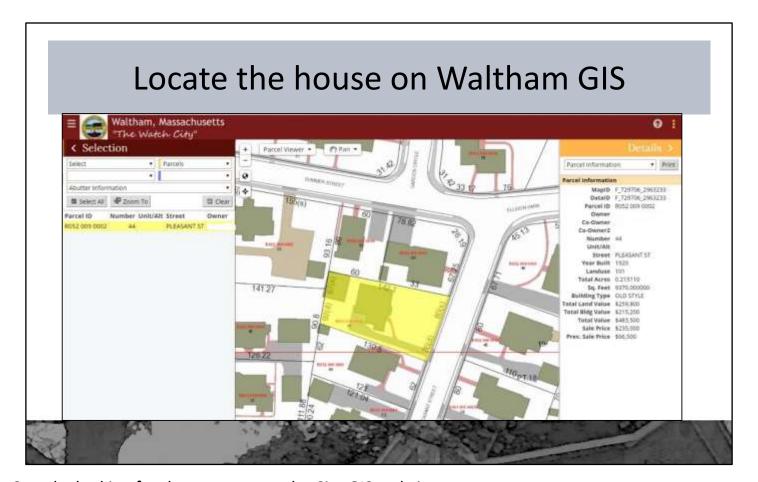


The architectural style of the house may provide clues as to the age of a house, but you can be fooled by this when a previous owner changed the style of the house. If a house displays Georgian architecture, like the Wellington House on Trapelo Road, this may hint that the house was built in the pre-1800 era. For more information on architectural styles of the past, see this Historic New England guide: https://tinyurl.com/ybfepqpr.

### Who owned the house?

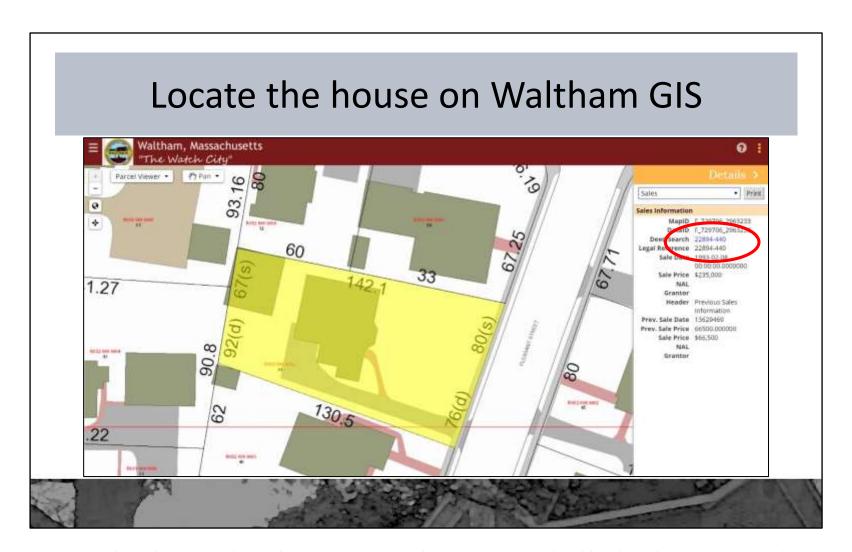
- Locate the house
  - Waltham GIS
  - Building Department building card
  - Google maps (Google Earth)
  - Historic maps
- Check MACRIS
- Check deeds on Middlesex Land Registry
- Research title back as far as you can
  - Middlesex Land Registry
  - Familysearch.org





Start by looking for the property on the City GIS website:

http://webgis.city.waltham.ma.us/GPVParcelSearch/Default.aspx. The web page will list the owner, but for this presentation, I have erased the owner's name on this slide. The year built is not always correct. 44 Pleasant St. is the Rev. Jacob Cushing house, built in 1759, not 1920.



On the sales page, shown here, many times the most current deed book and page are posted.

## Obtain the building card

DATE	OWNER	PROPOSED WORK	AMOUNT	PLAN N
11.27.22	H J Young	Store building per 2610	\$15,000.	UL lile
11.30.38		Alter storefront at #517 per #	356 31500.	
2.15.50	n	Repair fire damage to bldg per #37 \$400.		
2.12.52	Domer Florist	51gn #5 at #511		
2,12,52	"	Sign #7 at #511		
7.29.55	Elkins Shoe Store	Install new bulkhead at #517	8350	
2.9.56	H J Young	Alterations to store #510	\$1000.	
3.13.56	Flynn TV Appl Co	Sign #16 at #517		
7.30.58	11	Sign #65 et #517		-
9.10.58	Flynn's Music Center	Sign #80 at #515		
12.27.61	M J Young	Alterations to store #515 per	/659 £200.	
	Harold Young	Alterations to #509 for a		
	11	medical suite per #117	\$15,000.	65-14
8.30.65	Dr Leon Ginsburg	Sign #73 at #509		
8.30.65	Moody Medical Bldg	Sign #77 at #509		

Obtain the building card from the building department, located at Government Center, 119 School Street. This will give you a history of the permits issued since 1900. The cards date back to about 1900, so if the house was built before 1900, you won't see any entries before 1900. This is the building card for the commercial building at the corner of Moody & Maple, owned now by the City of Waltham. It has been demolished for the construction of a new fire station. The building had been erected in 1922, as evidenced by the permit issued in that year.

# Find the house on Google maps

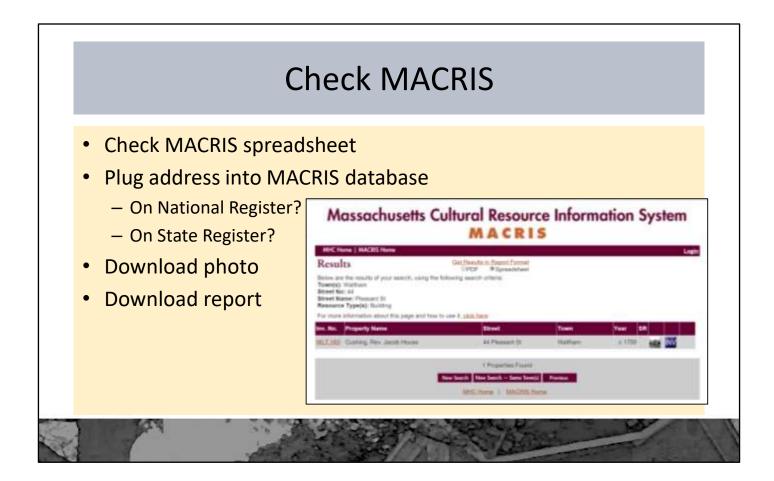
#### **Satellite view**



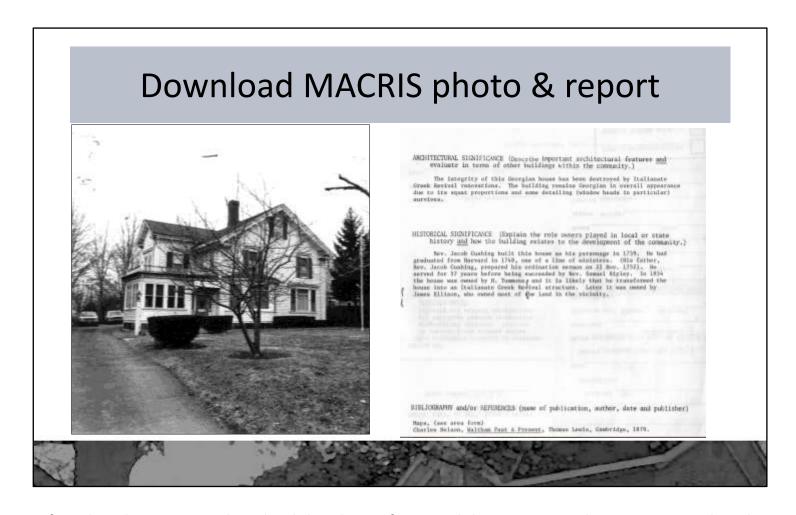
#### **Street view**



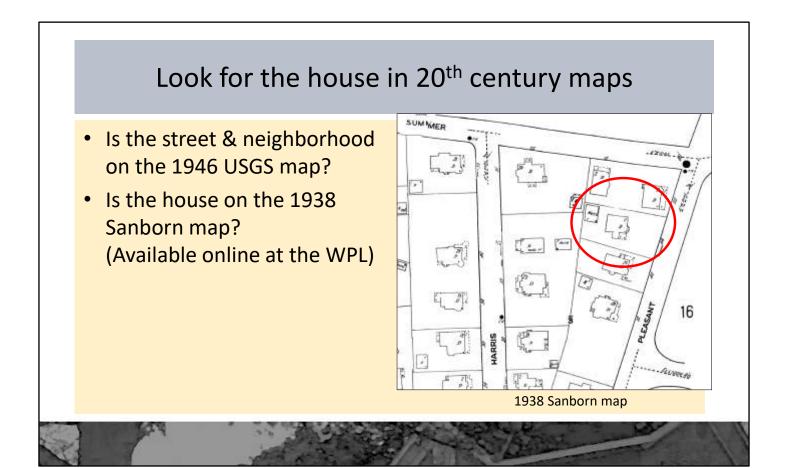
Plug the address, 44 Pleasant Street, into Google maps. Once you have located the house (sometimes Google can be off), click on satellite view, then drag the little man over to the street in front of the house. This will give you the street view.



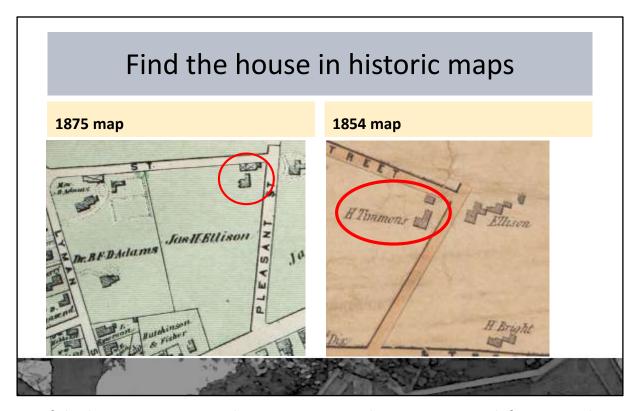
Next determine if the house is listed on the state historical commission database of historic places. Go to the Massachusetts Cultural Resource Information System (MACRIS) website and find the property. Determine from the report if the property is on the National Register of Historic Places. Here is a link to the MACRIS website: http://mhc-macris.net/.



If it is listed in MACRIS, download the photo, if any, and the report. 44 Pleasant Street is listed on the National Register of Historic Places.



Using 20th century maps, look to see if the street and neighborhood were there after 1900. Much of North Waltham was developed after 1950, and the 1946 USGS maps show the land was open space. Many historic maps are available on the website of the Waltham Historical Commission. The 20th century Sanborn maps are available on the web at the Waltham Public Library, but you have to go there to access them. One website that shows 20<sup>th</sup> century topographical maps and aerial views is Netronline.com's Historic Aerials: https://www.historicaerials.com/.



Look to see if the house appears on the 1900, 1875 and 1854 maps, and if so, note the names of the owners. The house at 44 Pleasant Street was on the early maps, with owners James H. Ellison in 1875 and H. Timmons in 1854. Note the property boundaries on the 1875 map, since they will help identify the correct property in the deeds. The 1854 map is available on the Harvard University Library website. Waltham town: https://iiif.lib.harvard.edu/manifests/view/ids:2979366. Waltham village: https://iiif.lib.harvard.edu/manifests/view/ids:2979368. The actual map is hanging by the library desk at the Waltham Public Library. An 1856 map of Middlesex County is available on the Norman Leventhal map center site:

https://collections.leventhalmap.org/search/commonwealth:1257bb45s. The 1875 and 1900 maps are available on the Waltham Historical Commission website:

https://www.city.waltham.ma.us/historical-commission/pages/historical-maps.



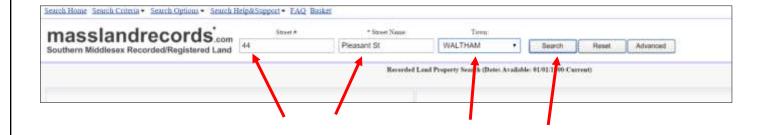
Research the title of the deeds starting with present day and working back in time. Start by selecting property search under the dropdown menu, search criteria.

The Middlesex County South Land Registry website:

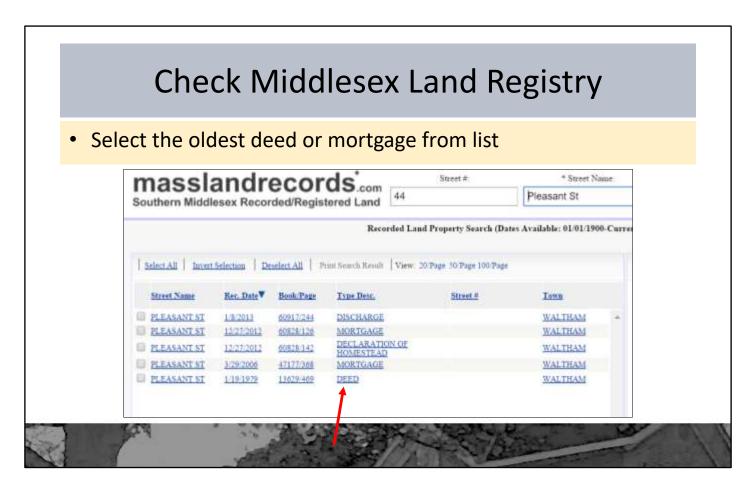
http://www.masslandrecords.com/middlesexsouth/.

# **Check Middlesex Land Registry**

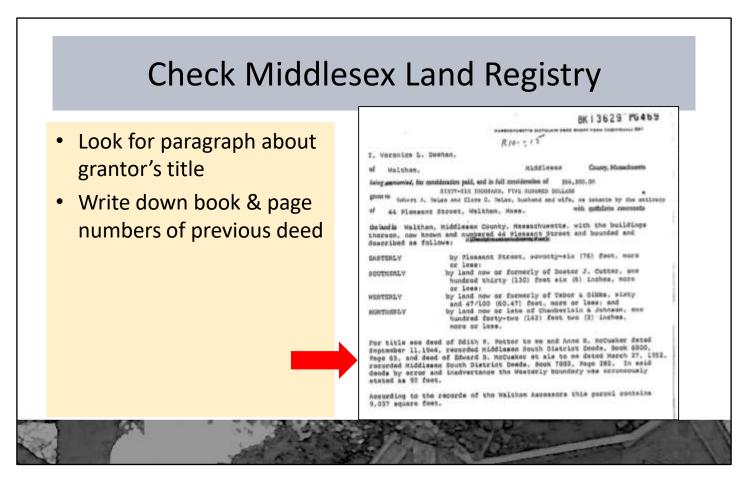
• Fill in the address & select Waltham from drop down; click on Search



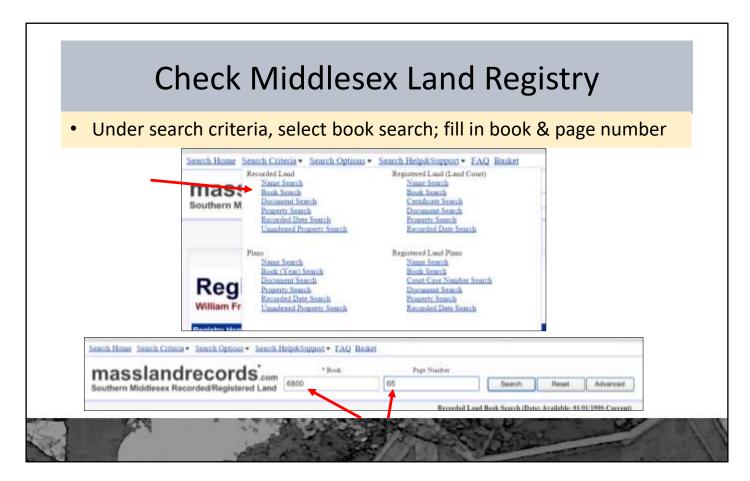
Plug in the street number and street name, and choose Waltham from the drop down menu, Town.



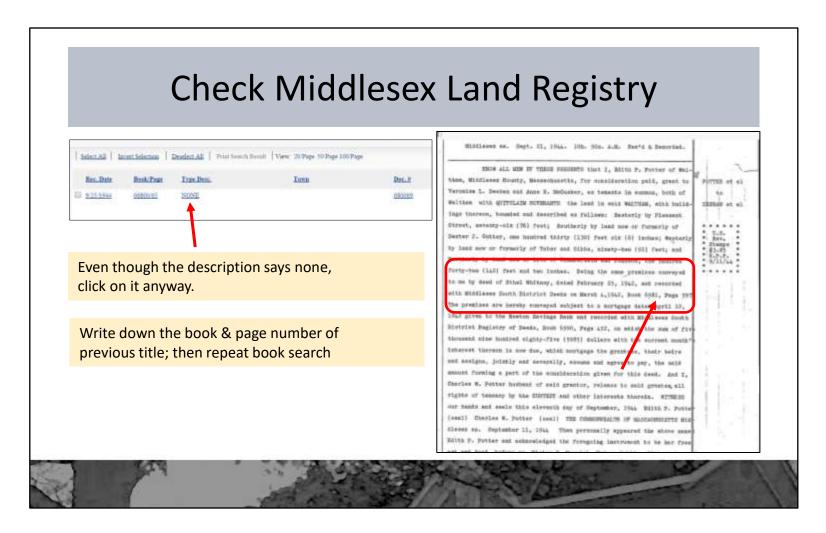
Click on the line items called deeds. Declaration of homestead will also provide title information also. You are looking for documents that will show the previous owner, with the book and page number of the previous deed.



When the deed comes up, click on view image over on the right. This gives you the image of the actual deed. Make note of the boundaries. This helps ensure that you have the correct deed. At the bottom, look for the title information of the grantor. This is the previous deed. Write down the book and page number of the previous deed.



The visible online deeds on the Middlesex Land Registry date back only to the 1970s or 1980s. But you can pull up earlier deeds by choosing book search under the search criteria. Plug in the book and page number of the previous deed.



The results show under type description, none. Don't worry. The MLR has scanned these deeds, but has not indexed them yet. If you click on the item, you will still be able to view the deed. Again, write down the book and page number of the grantor's title.

## Going back before 1870s

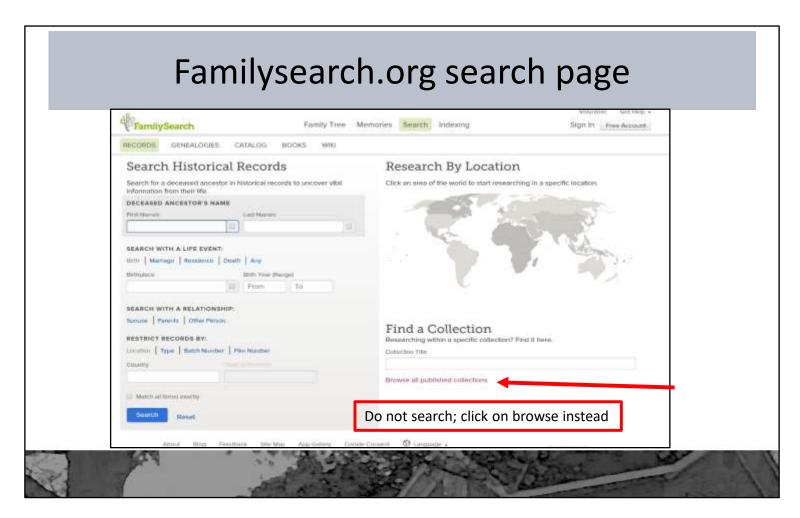
- Using the book search on Middlesex Land Registry, trace back in deeds to ca 1870
  - This is as far back as the MLR website goes
- Switch to the Family History Library website, familysearch.org
  - Use the Massachusetts Land Records database
  - Continue noting previous title data for book & page
  - The deeds are not indexed; you will have to browse to find them

You can search back to about 1870 on the Middlesex Land Registry site. To research pre-1870 deeds, go to the website, familysearch.org.

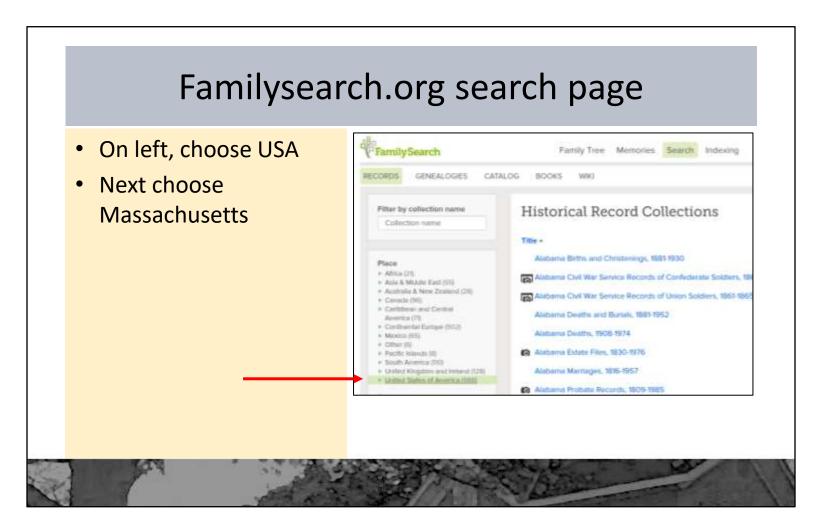
## Familysearch.org

- Website of the Family History Library (LDS Church) in Salt Lake City
  - Free to all users
  - FHL previously microfilmed records all over the world
  - Now they are in the process of digitizing the microfilm
  - Many records are searchable online, but deeds are not; but they are "browsable"

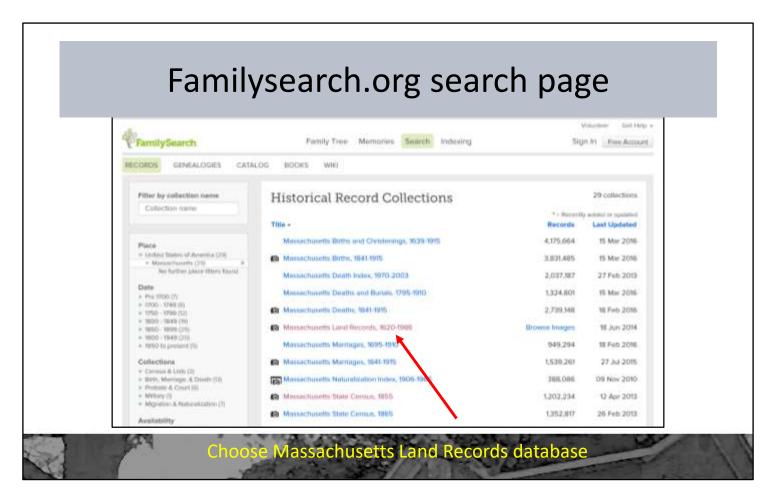
Familysearch.org is the LDS church Family History Library website. It is free to all users, but you do have to register to use the site. They microfilmed the Middlesex deeds a couple of decades ago, and they have now digitized the microfilms. However, they have not indexed the deeds, so they are not searchable. Instead, you have to browse them. This can be tedious, but it is doable, and beats having to go into the Registry in Cambridge.



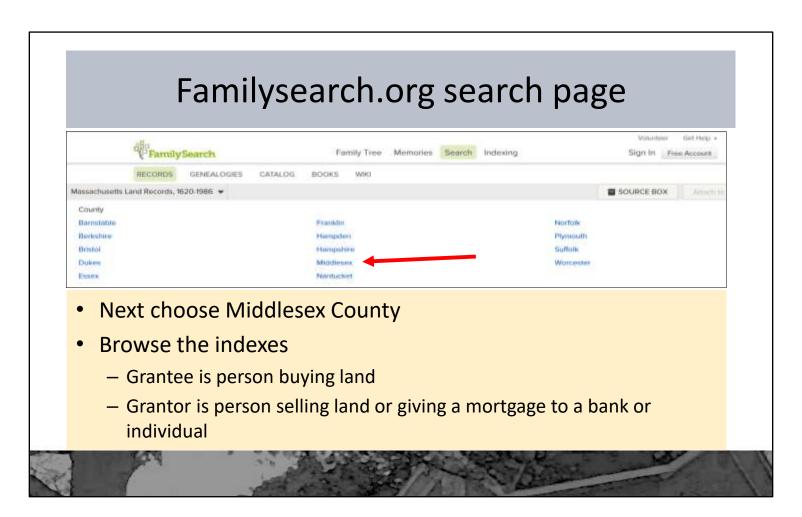
Start by choosing the search tab on the FHL website, familyserch.org. Above is the search page. But do not search. You will get nothing. Instead click on the hyperlink called "Browse all published collections."



Next, choose the country to browse, United States. Then choose the state to browse, Massachusetts. Do not rush the site. Give it time to load all the data.



You will then get a list of all the digitized collections for Massachusetts. You will see that some are searchable and others say "browse images," which means you cannot search on these. Click on the browsable database, "Massachusetts Land Records, 1620-1986."



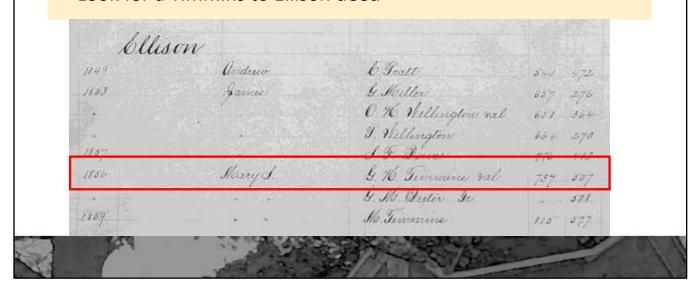
You will get a hyperlink called "browse through 5,766,135 images." Don't panic at this point. There are ways to whittle down the numbers. When you click on the hyperlink, you will get to this screen. Choose Middlesex County. If you do not already have a book and page number, you will have to look at either the grantee or the grantor indexes.



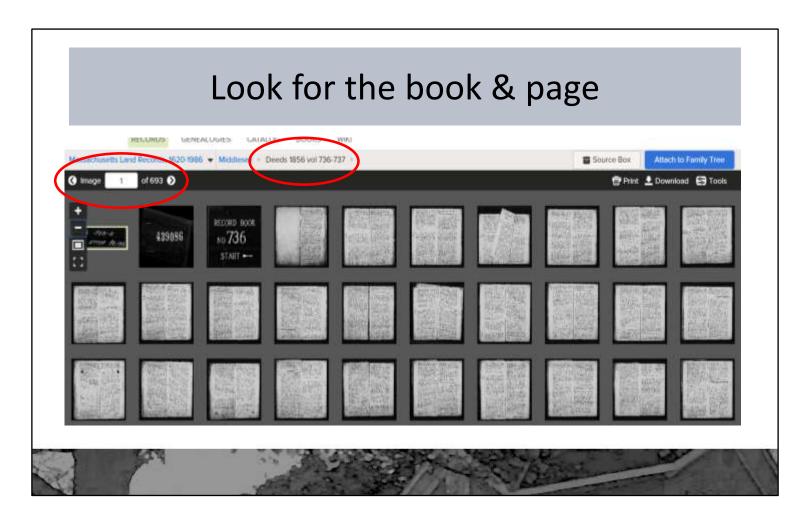
A grantee is the person buying the property, and a grantor is the person selling. We saw James H. Ellison owned 44 Pleasant Street in 1875. So how did he get this land? Start with the grantee index looking for James H. Ellison. Choose the time period and deed index that includes the letter E.

### Grantee index 1849-1860

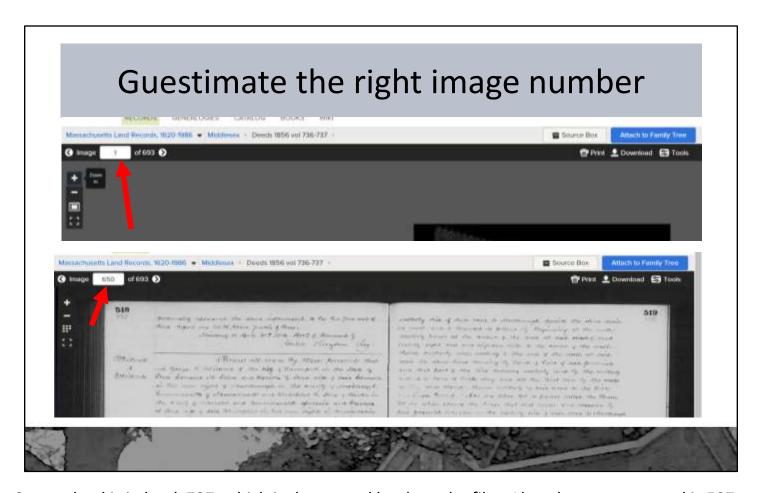
- Note that 1854 map showed Timmins
- Look for a Timmins to Ellison deed



Although the 1875 map shows James H. Ellison as the owner, be aware that a lot of business men chose to have their wives own the family homestead, perhaps as a way to protect the home from lawsuits stemming from the husband's business activities. Here we see that a Mary S. Ellison purchased a lot from G. H. Timmins et al in 1856. We saw from the 1854 map an H. Timmons owned the property. Mary S. Ellison was the wife of James Ellison and the mother of James H. Ellison and Charlotte E. Ellison. So this deed is of interest. Notice the grantor (seller) is G. H. Timmins et al (et al means "and others"). This is often a clue that these people are heirs, and there is a probate case.



So when we choose books 736-737, we see that we have 693 images to browse. Yikes! But not to panic. There is a way to get to the page rather quickly.



So our deed is in book 737, which is the second book on the film. Also, the page we need is 507. This is a pretty high number, and the original books did not go much higher in page counts. So make a guess. Let's choose a round number near the end of the 693 images, say 650, and plug this into the image number box. Voila! We see this is page 518. So we are close. Notice that there are two pages to each image. So we need to go back 12 pages or 6 images to get to 507. Plug in 644 in the image number box.

### Look for mention of house in deeds

Ellenore all more by leres processes for execute the distances so be being the formation of the seconds of the formation of the seconds of the seconds of the seconds of the seconds of the second of

Messuage = dwelling house & outbuildings

This is the 1856 Timmons to Ellison deed. If you go back far enough in time, you may find that the property did not have a house on it. Since you are interested in the age of the house, look for evidence that the property had a house on it. In this case the deed mentions a messuage farm. This means it was a farm with a house and outbuildings on it. So there was a house there in 1856. We knew this. The house was on the 1854 map.

# Keep working back in time

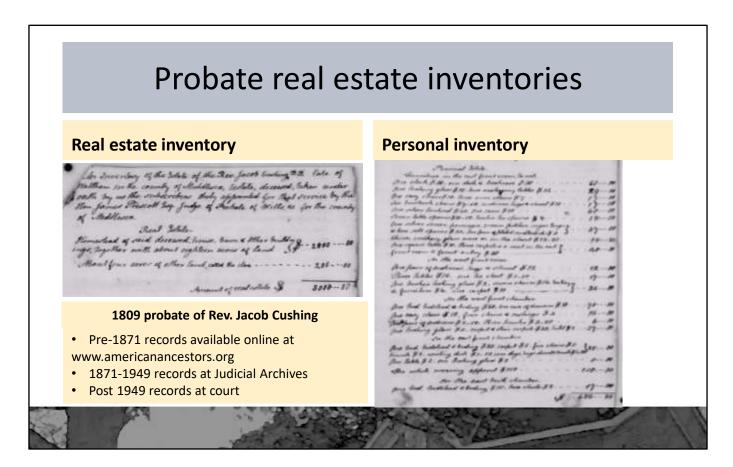
#### **Timmins to Ellison deed**

. Morrow all men in these severals and January 194 George H. Roman of Horner on the words, of Schools and I would be all the comments to the many and diamened bearing of the If was there is adminished in Known with a few threateness than Paratrees, and White More more you give by trong lines dieswife of James Allien of Monthlymore than being gallingering and their terminal attendant out the creater whom it had and without Sugar on thereby gain, mount, flanquain, even across among condethe only they have their the being and account his concerns. What good is a writing organized drawn from them between sinch Streeting the country and other has at finence requiring at the described by house of July mountains on the worth outs of efficiences. at the stone of Maria Hyr Arms, whose the time manning that words the front thousanding more to the street from the more days and a has that a Placement Wheel, Morrow the line original mill dat out more the first than ming nating and district to Making where these editions which in State Works to in theman Morney. the time recovery with De with your the Kieva thousanday with and, in divine a street dearning explicit your contradering the in thems. of the Month advance Stores the Sine securing duty It cover was the force frameway conting in store about from story than were some mile tribe to raise they Vienne Harries the thin surnaing with Meant was the fame throughout motionly in dail the Dine.

#### **Cushing to Timmins deed**

Menore an other in the county broking Ship I Graduit Kreene of Sullan a & wall of his free and Sommerston & markents - to up to verse yes it has not suit beauty right by a stilling dulk the British of home booking to regar since personal a man some of person of but no sea will be as higher Discours of the little and County of Marked in the that of humationth and large the links of the title of Books on to builty of higher and landmounded since said and to the second of their and to the him and agricult I was most in the following deviled this land and found has belowed his weathern him in hinder that has for patronalizat all to principate the street of wally as believed comme of said previous on the West side of Mineral Minds at the server of . It have there hand been been been announced head and the land bounding south in main water to such the and a hary lines to Dissuch steel home the The mining white 24 week and the wind bounding out they are Newscard Down Mury new rocks whom and a half Turks to in commen themen the same running Worth It attends get he land towning waterly on dumine that and with the land of what without how also defined

Using the mention of a previous deed and book, or the grantee and grantor indexes, keep working your way back in time. In 1847, the heirs of Rev. Jacob Cushing sold the property to Elizabeth Timmins via the trustees of the estate of Elizabeth's father. Elizabeth died, and the land went to her son, George H. Timmins in 1856.



Probate records can provide very detailed descriptions of real estate. Early probates sometimes detailed the property by fields and parcels, as in the estate of Rev. Jacob Cushing. Probate inventories have two sections: real estate (land and buildings) and personal estate (household & farming items, bank accounts & financial instruments). Both can be interesting. For the Cushing probate, the personal estate inventory documented every item in the household by room, so it provides a glimpse into the interior of the house. For Middlesex County probates, you can view the pre-1871 records online at americanancestors.org (subscription required). Records from 1871 through 1949 were transferred to the Massachusetts Judicial Archives at Columbia Point. The post 1949 indexes and records are available at the Middlesex County Probate Court in East Cambridge.

### Probate real estate inventories

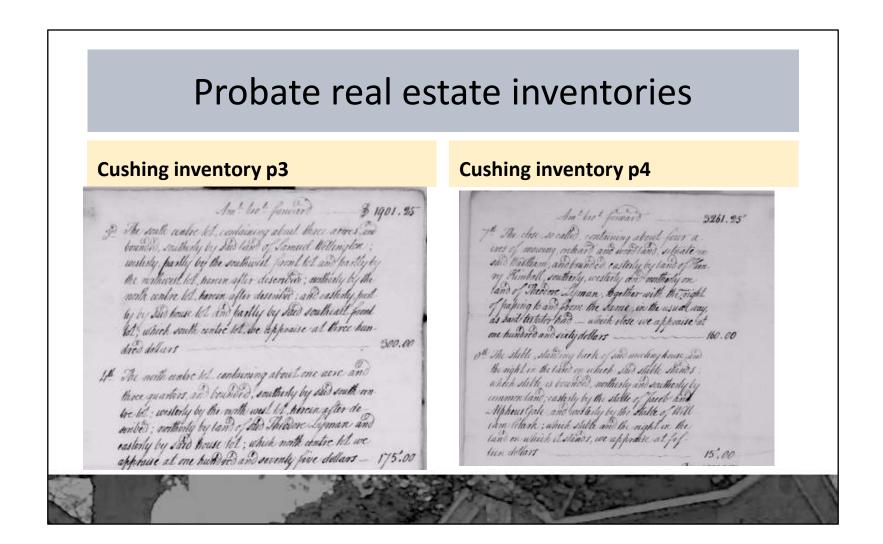
#### **Cushing inventory p1**

The homestead amounting of about fourteen acres and three quarters of land, with a dividing house a humb soom, with house, suther, house Verhause house larn, necessary and bee house thereon, selecte in each Waltham and bounded, as follows, and — sutherly hartly by the county rand leading from Boston to Worcester and hartly by land of Samuel Wel-

#### **Cushing inventory p2**

ling low; westerly hartly by land of faceb barter and Wertly by land of Kinny Tumball northerly by land Theodore Layman; and costerly by the then read le ing from Waltham meeting house to said County ro Said homestian consists of the vix parcels next following bounded, desemble and appraised as fellows , well the house lot on which all said brute ings stand contains about one acre and is bounded, easterly by said lown road , southerly by the southerst front tel herein after desember westerly partly by the south centre tot and partly by the north centre 1st, both berin after described, as the wall now dands, excepting at the barren front of the barn, said western time is to be a straight line so as to untitle the narrow state of land west of said bars and finied as a hapithe way to them motherly by line of Andoore Tyman to said hun oras which

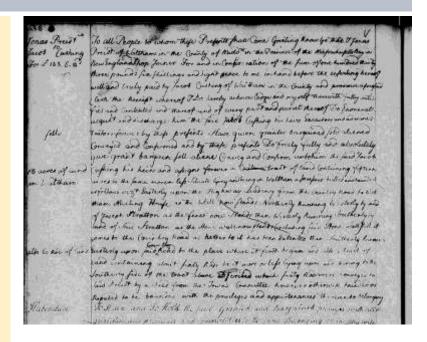
While the initial inventory shown previously gave some details of the metes and bounds, when the estate was parceled out to the heirs later on, the real estate description became extremely detailed. The real estate was described in various lots, only one of which contained the house.



The final real estate inventory for the Cushing estate went on for 4 pages.

### Work back in time

- Did Jacob Cushing build the house?
- Or was there a house there already?
- Check grantee index for Jacob Cushing
- 1754 deed Priest to Cushing – no house



Rev. Jacob Cushing married Anna Williams, the daughter of the previous minister, Rev. Warham Williams, in 1753. The MACRIS report claims the house was built in 1759, but it was probably built few years earlier, given the 1754 date of the deed.

## Summary Part One

- Find property on maps & MACRIS
- Research title on Middlesex Land Registry
  - Current deeds
  - Book searches
  - Research ownership back to 1870s
- Research title on deeds on FamilySearch.org
  - Start with grantee index, then deeds
- Check for probate records inventories
- Work back to a deed with no house

To summarize part 1, start by finding the property on the Waltham GIS maps. Check 1943 USGS & 1938 Sanborn maps to see if house, street & neighborhood are >75 years old. Check 1900, 1875, 1854 & 1831 historic maps. Go to Middlesex Land Registry site & start with property search. Make note of citations of grantors' title, book & page. Trace the property back to ca 1900. Switch to historic deeds on FamilySearch.org. Use grantee & grantor indexes if necessary. Look for real estate inventories in probate records.